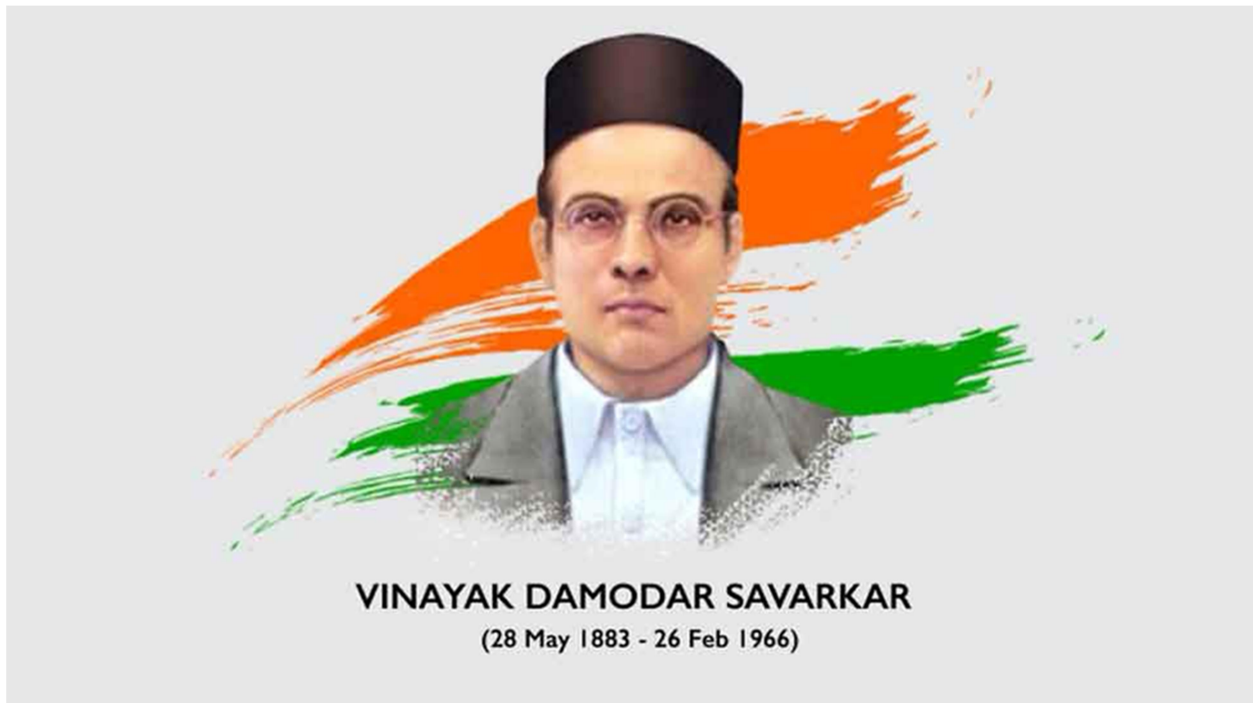


## SWATANTRYA VEER VINAYAK DAMODAR SAVARKAR



Veer Savarkar a visionary, revolutionary patriot and a brilliant personality

Vinayak Damodar Savarkar was born on 28 May 1883 in the village of Bhagur, near the city of Nashik, Maharashtra

Savarkar enrolled himself at Fergusson College in Pune and completed his Bachelor's Degree. He later went to England to pursue his higher studies. He enrolled there at 'Gray's Inn Law College'

Savarkar began his political activities as a high school student and continued to do so at Fergusson College in Pune. During his stay at Fergusson College, Savarkar was involved in forming secret societies. Savarkar started a hand-written weekly named the Aryan Weekly, in which Savarkar often wrote illuminating articles on patriotism, literature, history, and science. Some of the thought-provoking articles from this weekly found their way into the local weeklies and newspapers. Savarkar often gave scholarly talks and debates on the history of the world, the revolutions in Italy, Netherlands, and America and gave his colleagues an idea of the stress and struggle those countries had to undergo for winning back their lost freedom

Swatantrya Veer Savarkar or Veer Savarkar was an Indian independence activist and a politician who formulated the Hindu nationalist philosophy of Hindutva Savarkar joined the Hindu Mahasabha and popularized the term Hindutva He was a leading personality in the Hindu Mahasabha.

In his book, the History of the war of Indian Independence, Savarkar wrote about the guerilla warfare tricks used in 1857 Sepoy Mutiny. The book was banned by Britishers, the book eventually reached many Indian revolutionaries.

Savarkar was arrested in 1909 on charges of plotting an armed revolt against the Morle-Minto reforms. He also tried to escape by diving in the water but was arrested. He was sentenced to two life sentences i.e. 50years in the cellular jail of Andamans, also known as Kala Pani, in 1911.

Though Savarkar was released in 1924 under strict conditions of not participating in politics for 5year, he decided to work on abolishment of untouchability in Ratnagiri.

After 1937, he started traveling widely, becoming a forceful orator and writer, advocating Hindu political and social unity. Serving as the president of the Hindu Mahasabha political party, Savarkar endorsed the idea of India as a Hindu Rashtra (Hindu Nation). He started his militarisation of Hindus from then in order to liberate the country and protect the country and Hindus in the future.

The great revolutionary, visionary leader, writer, playwright and poet Veer Savarkar voluntarily discarded his physical body on 26th February 1966 at Mumbai

The airport at Port Blair, Andaman and Nicobar's capital was renamed Veer Savarkar International Airport in 2002.



**Oh Motherland,  
Sacrifice for you is like life!  
Living without you is death!!  
– Veer Savarkar**

At Vivek we pay homage to a visionary, revolutionary patriot and a brilliant personality

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